

Brownian Motion and Stochastic Calculus

Exercise Sheet 1

Please hand in until Wednesday, February 26th, 12:00 in your assistant's box in HG G 53

Exercise 1-1

Let (Ω, \mathcal{F}, P) be a probability space and assume that $X = (X_t)_{t \geq 0}$, $Y = (Y_t)_{t \geq 0}$ are two stochastic processes on (Ω, \mathcal{F}, P) . Recall that two processes Z and Z' on (Ω, \mathcal{F}, P) are said to be *versions* (or *modifications*) of each other if $P(Z_t = Z'_t) = 1 \forall t \geq 0$, while Z and Z' are *indistinguishable* if $P(Z_t = Z'_t \forall t \geq 0) = 1$.

- a) Assume that X and Y are both right-continuous or left-continuous. Show that the processes are versions of each other if and only if they are indistinguishable.

Remark: A stochastic process is said to *have the path property* \mathcal{P} (\mathcal{P} can be continuity, right-continuity, differentiability, boundedness ...) if the property \mathcal{P} holds for P -almost every path.

- b) Give an example showing that one of the implications of part a) does not hold for general X, Y .

Exercise 1-2

Let W be a Brownian motion on $[0, 1]$ and define the *Brownian bridge* $X = (X_t)_{0 \leq t \leq 1}$ by $X_t = W_t - tW_1$.

- a) Show that X is a Gaussian process and calculate its mean and covariance functions. Sketch a typical path of X .
- b) Show that X does **not** have independent increments.

Exercise 1-3

Let $X = (X_t)_{t \geq 0}$ be a stochastic process defined on $(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, (\mathcal{F}_t)_{t \geq 0}, P)$. The aim of this exercise is to show the following chain of implications:

X optional $\Rightarrow X$ progressively measurable $\Rightarrow X$ product-measurable and adapted.

- a) Show that every progressively measurable process is product-measurable and adapted.
- b) Assume that X is adapted and *every* path of X is right-continuous. Show that X is progressively measurable.

Remark: The same conclusion holds true if every path of X is left-continuous.

Hint: For fixed $t \geq 0$, consider an approximating sequence of processes Y^n on $\Omega \times [0, t]$ given by $Y_0^n = X_0$ and $Y_u^n = \sum_{k=0}^{2^n-1} 1_{(tk2^{-n}, t(k+1)2^{-n}]}(u) X_{t(k+1)2^{-n}}$ for $u \in (0, t]$.

- c) Recall that the optional σ -field \mathcal{O} is generated by the class $\overline{\mathcal{M}}$ of all adapted processes whose paths are all RCLL. Show that \mathcal{O} is also generated by the subclass \mathcal{M} of all *bounded* processes in $\overline{\mathcal{M}}$.
- d) Use the monotone class theorem to show that every optional process is progressively measurable.