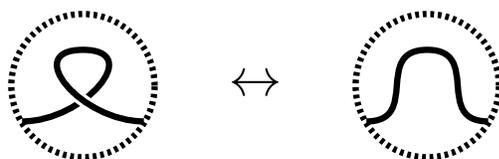


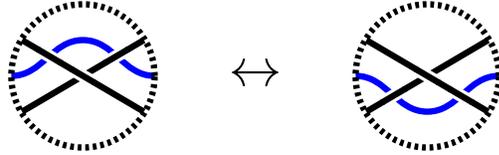
## Exercisesheet 2: Formal introduction to knots

1. Show that a knot diagram with  $n$  crossings can be turned into a diagram of the unknot by replacing at most  $\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor$  overcrossings by undercrossings.
2. Show that any two embeddings  $f_1, f_2 : S^1 \hookrightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$  are homotopic.
3. Show that
 
$$K \sim^\Delta K' \Leftrightarrow \{K' \text{ can be obtained by } K \text{ using a sequence of } \Delta\text{-moves}\}$$
 defines an equivalence relation.
4. (a) Check that you can move one of the vertices of a knot a very small distance, keeping the rest fixed, by using two successive  $\Delta$ -moves.  
 (b) Check that you can effectively add a new vertex in the middle of any edge by using three  $\Delta$ -moves.
5. Show that for every polygonal knot  $K \subset \mathbb{R}^3$  there exists  $\varepsilon > 0$  such that every  $\varepsilon$ -perturbation  $K'$  is equivalent to  $K$ .
6. (a) Let  $P \subset \mathbb{R}^2$  be a simple closed polygonal curve. Show that the complement  $\mathbb{R}^2 \setminus P$  has two components, one bounded and one unbounded.  
 (b) Show that the closure of the bounded component is homeomorphic to a closed disk.
7. (a) Show that it is possible to represent the trefoil by a polygon with 6 points  $(p_1, \dots, p_6)$  but that it is not possible to construct a non-trivial knot with fewer than 6 points.  
 (b) Show that you can represent the knot  $5_1$  as a polygon with 8 points.
8. Let  $(p_1, \dots, p_n)$  be an ordered  $n$ -tuple of points in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  defining a piecewise linear knot  $K$ .  
 (a) Find an example where a permutation of the points  $p_1, \dots, p_n$  is still a closed polygon but no longer a simple polygon.  
 (b) Show that a permutation of the points  $\{p_i\}$  of the trefoil (from ex. 7a)) can define a knot which is equivalent to the unknot.
9. Show that the following variations of the Reidemeister moves can be achieved using  $R1$ ,  $R2$  and  $R3$  only.

(a)  $\widetilde{R1}$

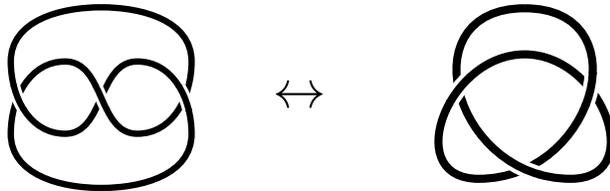


(b)  $\widetilde{R3}$

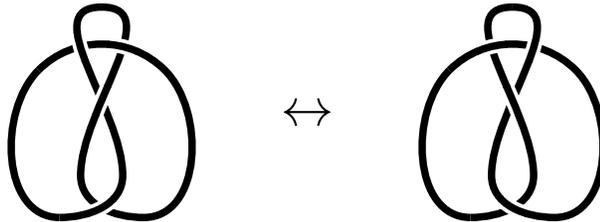


10. Write down a sequence of Reidemeister moves to show that the following diagrams are equivalent.

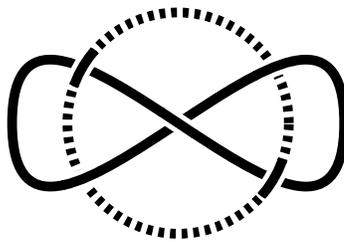
(a) Two variations of the trefoil



(b) The figure-eight knot and its mirror image



(c) Interchange the components of the Whitehead link



Due Date: 10.03.2015