
Zbl 449.10033

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Multiplicative functions whose values are uniformly distributed in $(0, \infty)$. (In English)

Proc. Queen's Number Theory Conf. 1979, Queen's Pap. Pure Appl. Math. 54, 329-378 (1980).

A positive valued arithmetic function $f: \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \setminus^+$ which tends to infinity as $n \rightarrow \infty$ has values uniformly distributed in $(0, \infty)$ if there exists a positive constant $d \in \mathbb{R}^+$ such that for $y \rightarrow \infty$ $\sum_{f(n) \leq y} 1 \sim dy$. The number d will be called the density of values. Under certain conditions the uniform distribution of the values of a multiplicative function f is equivalent to the behavior of $F(s) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} f(n)^{-s}$ near $s = 1$. There is also a connection between the uniform distribution of the values of the multiplicative function f in $(0, \infty)$ and the existence of a positive mean values of the arithmetic function $h(n) = n/f(n)$. The cases $d = 0$ and $d = \infty$ are included in a similar way. Several examples show that some of the theorem fail if the condition are weakened.

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Classification:

11N37 Asymptotic results on arithmetic functions

11A25 Arithmetic functions, etc.

11K65 Arithmetic functions (probabilistic number theory)

Keywords:

arithmetic function; uniform distribution; density of values