

## Exercise Sheet 7

1. Prove that the Zariski tangent space at the point  $[S] \in \text{Gr}(r, V)$  is canonically isomorphic to  $S^* \otimes V/S$  (or equivalently to  $\text{Hom}(S, V/S)$ ).
2. Let  $M_{n,n}$  be the space of  $n \times n$  complex matrices. Let  $\det : M_{n,n} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  be the determinant and let  $Z = V(\det)$  be its zero set. Find all the points of  $Z$  such that the Zariski tangent space to  $Z$  has dimension exactly  $n^2 - 1$ .
3. In this exercise, we want to show the following result about intersections of subvarieties of  $\mathbb{P}^n$ .

**Lemma 1.** *Let  $X, Y \subset \mathbb{P}^n$  be subvarieties such that  $\dim(X) + \dim(Y) \geq n$ . Then  $X \cap Y \neq \emptyset$ .*

Below, we will first prove this result in the case that  $Y$  is a linear subspace of  $\mathbb{P}^n$  and then see how to show the general case from this.

- a) For  $X \subset \mathbb{P}^n$  a subvariety let

$$\hat{X} = \{p \in \mathbb{C}^{n+1} \setminus \{0\} : [p] \in X\} \cup \{0\} \subset \mathbb{C}^{n+1}$$

be the *affine cone* over  $X$ . Show that  $\hat{X}$  is an affine variety and that it is irreducible if  $X$  is irreducible. *Hint:* For irreducibility, given open sets  $V_1, V_2$  in  $\hat{X}$ , construct open sets in  $X$  by intersecting with an affine hyperplane in  $\mathbb{C}^{n+1}$ .

- b) Prove that  $\dim(\hat{X}) = \dim(X) + 1$ . *Hint:* Look at the intersections of  $\hat{X}$  with  $\hat{U}_i = \{(x_0, \dots, x_n) : x_i \neq 0\}$ .
- c) Let  $L \subset \mathbb{P}^n$  be a linear subspace of codimension  $c$  (i.e. dimension  $n - c$ ). Show that  $\dim(X \cap L) \geq \dim(X) - c$ . In particular, if  $\dim(X) \geq c$  we have  $X \cap L \neq \emptyset$ . You may use the following result, a geometric version of Krull's principal ideal theorem.

**Theorem 1.** *If  $X$  is an affine variety and  $f$  is a regular function on  $X$ , then  $\dim(V(f)) \geq \dim(X) - 1$ .*

- d) Let  $X, Y \subset \mathbb{P}^n$  be subvarieties. Consider  $\mathbb{P}^{2n+1}$  with coordinates  $x_0, \dots, x_n, y_0, \dots, y_n$  and identify  $X \subset \mathbb{P}^n = V(y_0, \dots, y_n) \subset \mathbb{P}^{2n+1}$  and similarly  $Y \subset \mathbb{P}^n = V(x_0, \dots, x_n) \subset \mathbb{P}^{2n+1}$ . Consider the *join*  $J(X, Y)$  of  $X$  and  $Y$  defined by

$$J(X, Y) = \{[t(x, 0) + s(0, y)] : [x] \in X, [y] \in Y, (s, t) \in \mathbb{C} \setminus \{0\}\} \subset \mathbb{P}^{2n+1}.$$

Show that  $J(X, Y)$  is a subvariety of dimension  $\dim(X) + \dim(Y) + 1$ . Here you can use the following result, which will be proved later.

**Theorem 2.** *If  $X, Y$  are irreducible quasi-projective varieties, we have  $\dim(X \times Y) = \dim(X) + \dim(Y)$ .*

- e) Identify  $X \cap Y$  as an intersection of  $J(X, Y)$  with  $n + 1$  hyperplanes in  $\mathbb{P}^{2n+1}$ . Conclude that it is nonempty if  $\dim(X) + \dim(Y) \geq n$ .
  - f) Give an example of a projective variety  $Z$  with closed subvarieties  $X, Y$  satisfying  $\dim(X) + \dim(Y) \geq \dim(Z)$  but  $X \cap Y = \emptyset$ .
4. Prove that for any five lines  $L_1, \dots, L_5 \subset \mathbb{P}^2$  in the projective plane there is a conic  $C$  tangent to all of them. Here we mean that for all  $i$  there is a point  $p \in C \cap L_i$  such that  $T_p L_i \subset T_p C$ . *Hint:* Identify the space of plane conics with  $\mathbb{P}^5$  and show that the set of conics tangent to a fixed line is a quadric hypersurface in  $\mathbb{P}^5$ .

**Due April 29.**